FASTABS — TWO WAY DISTRIBUTION — SCON BY GENSER

THERE WERE 244 OBSERVATIONS ON THE SISTERS OF THE CONSEILLERS OUT OF A TOTAL OF 543, LEAVING 299 MISSING OBSERVATIONS. THE PROBLEM WITH THE SISTERS IS THAT IN MANY GENEALOGIES, THEY WERE INFERIOR CONSIDERED TO THE SONS. MUCH OF WHAT IS KNOWN HERE COME BY WAY OF MARRIAGE ALLIANCES DISCOVERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES. THERE SHOULD NOT BE A HEAVY RELIANCE ON THESE STATISTICS — WHICH REPRESENT LESS THAN HALF OF THE CONSEILLERS.

WHAT DESERVES ATTENTION IS THE FACT THAT THE HIGHER THE GENERATION, THE GREATER CHANCE EXISTED THAT AT LEAST ONE OR TWO SISTERS OF THE CONSEILLER WOULD MARRY INTO ANOTHER PARLEMENTAIRE FAMILY. FOR ONE SISTER THE PERCENTAGES LOOKED AS FOLLOWS:

3RD GEN	2ND GEN	1ST GEN.	FIRST TO SERVE
100.%	39.3	52.2	37.2

FOR TWO SISTERS, HERE IS WHERE THE 2ND GENERATION MAKES A DIFFERENCE AND SHOWS THE CURVE IS UPWARD AND NOT DISJOINTED.

3RD GEN	2ND GEN	1ST GEN	FIRST TO SERVE
0.0.	39.3	12.0	22.3%

THERE IS A CERTAIN DISTORTION IN THESE STATISTICS BECAUSE LESS THAN HALF OF CASES ARE REPORTED WHICH MEANS THERE ARE NUMEROUS UNKNOWNS FACTORS NOT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.